



Perceptions, Attitudes and Beliefs of Communities Near Coral Reefs







Social Coast Forum February 7, 2018



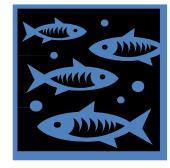
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National Coral Reef Monitoring Program



Biological Indicators

Climate Indicators



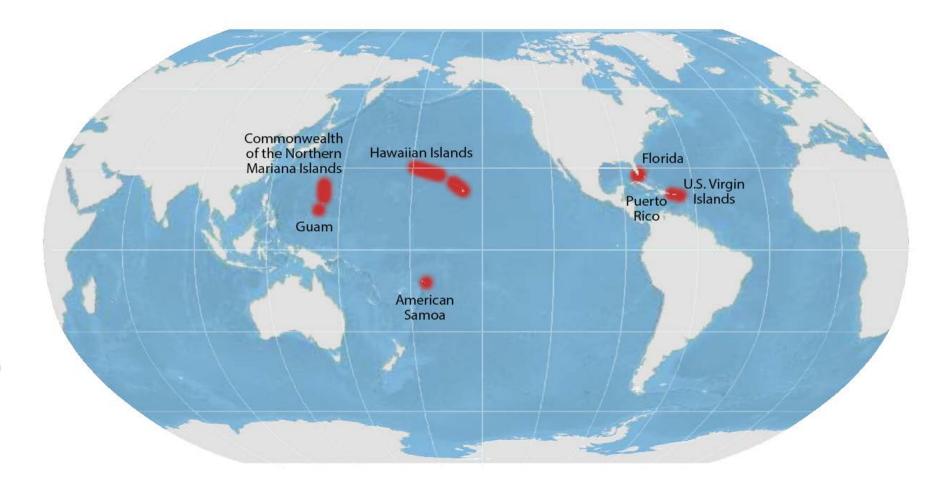


Socioeconomic Indicators





US Coral Reef Jurisdictions







Socioeconomic Monitoring Approach

- Data collection occurs through
 - Surveys of residents in coral reef jurisdictions
 - Synthesis of existing socioeconomic data
- Resulting data will feed into several products
 - Socioeconomic Indicators
 - Data products such as infographics, posters, presentations, and publications
 - NCRMP report cards





NCRMP Socioeconomic Monitoring Schedule

Jurisdiction	Geographic scope	Year
American Samoa	Island of Tutuila	2013-14
Florida	Martin, Palm Beach, Broward, Miami-Dade, Monroe Co.	2013-14
Hawai'i	Islands of Kauai, Maui, Moloka'i, O'ahu, Hawai'i, Lanaʻi	2014-15
Puerto Rico	Islands of Puerto Rico, Vieques, Culebra	2014-15
CNMI	Islands of Saipan, Tinian, Rota	2015-16
Guam	Entire island of Guam	2015-16
USVI	Islands of St. Croix, St. Thomas, St. John	2016-17

Indicators for NCRMP Social Monitoring

- * Participation in reef activities
- * Perceived resource condition
- * Attitudes towards coral reef management strategies and enforcement
- * Awareness and knowledge of coral reefs

Human population changes near coral reefs

Economic impact of coral reef fishing to jurisdiction

Economic impact of dive/snorkel tourism to jurisdiction

Community well-being

- * Cultural importance of reefs
- * Participation in behaviors that may improve coral reef health

Physical infrastructure

***** Awareness of coral reef rules and regulations

Governance





Survey Methodology



- Stratified random sample of adult residents in the jurisdiction representative of population demographics (age, race, sex, income)
- Survey mode (phone, face to face, internet) and language(s) are jurisdiction specific











RESULTS







Perceived Resource Condition

	Condition	
Jurisdiction	Perception	
	Index	
South Florida	50.54	
American Samoa	49.23	
Hawaii	55.69	
Puerto Rico	47.97	
Guam	49.13	
CNMI	58.52	
USVI	55.08	

- Higher index scores indicate a more "positive" perception
- Perceptions concerning the condition of marine resources is largely average
- Pacific residents > Atlantic residents (p<0.01)





Attitudes Towards Coral Reef Management Strategies and Enforcement

Jurisdiction	Management	
	Support Index	
South Florida	76.13	
American Samoa	64.51	
Hawaii	75.26	
Puerto Rico	81.10	
Guam	72.22	
CNMI	75.81	
USVI	72.30	

- Higher index scores indicate more support for management
- Support for management is fairly widespread
- Puerto Rico > all others (p<0.01)</p>
- Atlantic residents > Pacific residents (p<0.01)</p>





Cultural Importance of Reefs

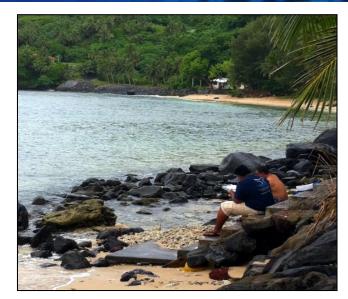
Jurisdiction	Percent that agrees with the statement: "Coral reefs are important to the jurisdiction's cultures"
South Florida	91.30%
American Samoa	93.57%
Hawaii	95.22%
Puerto Rico	76.22%
Guam	98.44%
CNMI	92.01%
USVI	96.28%

- Agreement with the cultural importance of coral reefs is very apparent across all 7 jurisdictions
- Over 3/4 of residents in each jurisdiction are in agreement with this statement and over 90% agree in 6 out 7 jurisdictions
- Puerto Rico < all others (p<0.01)
- Pacific residents > Atlantic residents (p<0.01)





- Similarities:
 - More education = more positive perception of marine protected areas and their functions as well as more support for management
 - More support for management = more familiarity with coral reef threats
 - Participation in environmental behavior = more frequent participation in coral reef activities









doi:10.7289/V5FB50Z1

NOAA Technical Memorandum CRCP 24

National Coral Reef Monitoring Program Socioeconomic Monitoring Component

Summary Findings for American Samoa, 2014



NOAA Coral Reef Conservation Program

Silver Spring, MD

March 2016



United States Department of Commerce	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration	National Ocean Service
Penny S. Pritzker	Dr. Kathryn Sullivan	Dr. W. Russell Callender
Secretary	Administrator	Assistant Administrator

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doi:10.7289/V5VH5KV5

NC	NOAA Technical Memorandum CRCP 25	
Nationa	National Coral Reef Monitoring Program	
Socioe	Socioeconomic Monitoring Component	

Summa









United States Departme Commerce

Penny S. Pritzker Secretary



United Comme

Penny Secreta



June 2016



d States Department of nerce	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration	National Ocean Service
S. Pritzker	Dr. Kathryn Sullivan	Dr. W. Russell Callender
ary	Administrator	Assistant Administrator



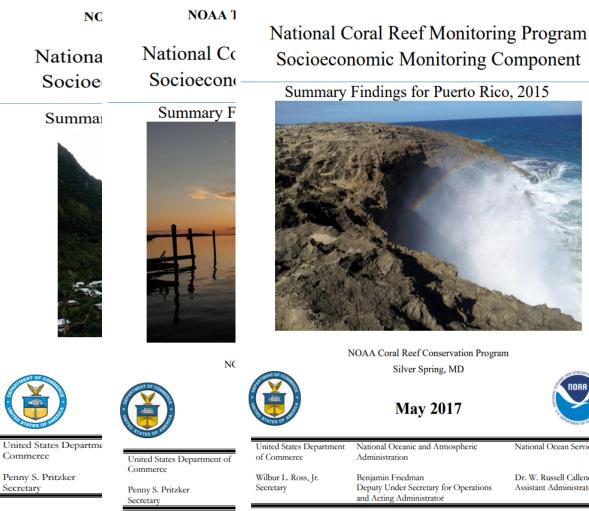


NOAA Technical Memorandum CRCP 28

National Ocean Service

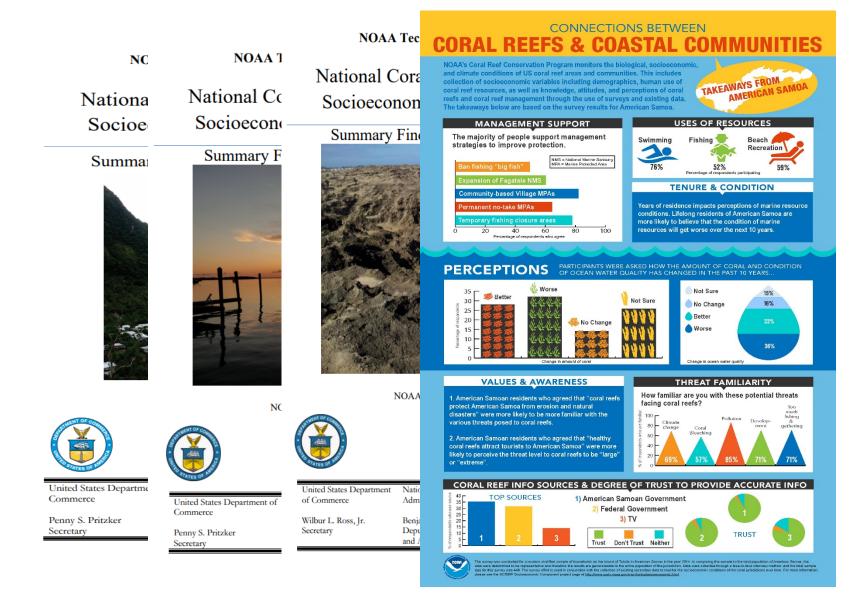
Dr. W. Russell Callender

Assistant Administrator













Next Steps

- Indicator Development
 - Combination of primary and secondary data
- Technical Memorandum
 - All 7 jurisdictions
- Data visualization
 - Infographics, story maps, web-based
- Re-engage jurisdictional partners
 - How data are being used, identify gaps
- Refine survey questions/methods
- Merge Socioeconomic, Biological, and Climate data streams





Project Team

- Peter EdwardsArielle Levine
- Jarrod Loerzel
- Matt Gorstein
- NCCOS social science team

- Jurisdictional management agencies
- Key jurisdictional stakeholders
- CRCP and NMFS management liaisons







Thank you



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web-portal: <u>http://www.coris.noaa.gov/monitoring/socioeconomic.html</u>